

CHAPTER 6 FLORA AND FAUNA

- Appendix 6.1 Ecology Database

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Appendix 6. Ecology Database									
Ecology Dataset Number	Dataset Title	Type	Comments	Inclusion in NorthSouth GIS (Y/N)	Which Dataset (Habitat / Points) Undesignated Site / Points)	Use during constraint identification	Reason for Exclusion	Evaluation Comments	Accuracy Comments
1	1140_in883_sediment_shores.clip	Polygon	Map showing ranges for Mudflats and Sandflats not covered by seawater at low tide	No	NA	No	Deemed to be of limited value in this project as only shows point location of habitats that occur along coastal zone.	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
2	1210_1220_Moore_and_Wilson1999_Breasdale_et_al.1996_clip	Point	Limited value as only refers to point locations along coastal zone. Two points adjacent to study area are shown for the presence of annex habitats. Both points within SACs.	No	NA	No	Deemed to be of limited value in this project as only shows point location of habitats that occur along coastal zone.	NA	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
3	3110_3130_lwseg_0207.clip	Polygon	Distribution of upland and lowland dystrophic lakes based on analysis of various GIS datasets. This shapefile has been used for the production of the habitat's distribution and range maps for the 2007 Conservation Assessments (according to the EU Habitats directive).	No	NA	No	Waterbodies are considered as a hydrological constraint.	National. Likely presence of Annex 1 habitat (3110 / 3130) lowland and upland dystrophic lakes.	DC - habitat information is derived from desktop interpretation of GIS datasets.
4	3140_lwseg_0207.clip	Polygon	Distribution of hard water lakes based on analysis of various GIS datasets. This shapefile has been used for the production of the habitat's distribution and range maps for the 2007 Conservation Assessments (according to the EU Habitats directive).	No	NA	No	Waterbodies are considered as a hydrological constraint.	National. Likely presence of Annex 1 habitat (3140 hard water lakes).	DC - habitat information is derived from desktop interpretation of GIS datasets.
5	3160_lwseg_0207.clip	Polygon	Distribution of dystrophic lakes based on analysis of various GIS datasets. This shapefile has been used for the production of the habitat's distribution and range maps for the 2007 Conservation Assessments (according to the EU Habitats directive).	No	NA	No	No records within study area.	NA	DC - habitat information is derived from desktop interpretation of GIS datasets.
6	4010_CFP_commonageland_2006.clip	Polygon	CFPs (Commonage Framework Plans) describe the habitats, condition of the land (i.e. level of damage), land use and plant species found in each sub-unit of each agricultural unit for commonage areas. Each sub-unit was digitised and the habitat or habitats within the subunit were listed. This shapefile contains all the subunits containing Wet Heath (habitat type 11), however generally as a mosaic with other habitats, only corresponding with commonage land, in several occasions areas mapped as Wet Heath did not correspond with this habitat type. This is reported in the Validation Field (Val) within the file Attribute Table. The validation was mainly focused on areas where none other sources indicated the occurrence of habitat 4010.	No	NA	No	No records within study area.	NA	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source. Misclassified areas (non-validated) were removed from dataset. In some instances higher quality data available for these areas was used for these preference.
7	6210_Area.clip	Polygon	Potential distribution of dry calcareous grassland based on intersection of dry unimproved pasture from the Corine Land Cover Map (EPAL, 2000) and soil types 12, 22 and 46 from the National Soil and Parent Material Map (Teague, 2006).	No	NA	No	From interpretation of aerial imagery the data appears to be of limited value as originated from high level GIS interpretation.	Possible occurrence of Annex 1 habitat 6210 calcareous grassland.	DC - habitat information is derived from desktop interpretation of GIS datasets.
8	7110_7120_2dary_degraded_unsurf_othersources.clip	Polygon	This dataset includes secondary degraded raised bog. These areas correspond with highly drained high bog devoid of vegetation (including the majority of Bord na Mona sites), cutaway bog, cutover and occasionally reclaimed agriculture land with peaty soils. Corine 2000 exploited raised bog areas (level 5) were selected for this category. However visual validation was carried out as it was noted that Corine 2000 classified certain areas as intact when they correspond and vice versa. Some areas reported by Corine as exploited were eliminated from this dataset as they no longer correspond to raised bog. Those areas reported by Congahan (2000) were digitised using the 2000 ortho-images. Hammond (1979) highlighted certain areas within the Natura modified category that were also included in this dataset. The location of these areas reported by Hammond (2000) may have been slightly off the actual location. In this particular case the raised bog boundary was re-digitised using 2000 ortho-images.	No	NA	No	Habitat considered to be of low ecological interest	NA	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
9	7110_7120_intactb_surv_inde sign_othersurv.clip	Polygon	Maps from surveys involving vegetation mapping at the ecotope level, as described by Yelh et al (1995). Active Raised Bog habitat consists of two ecotopes (central and sub-central) and active peat forming flushes. Bog Woodland habitat (9110) on raised bog, is also deemed part of Active Raised Bog habitat as it also actively forms a peat. Degraded Raised bog habitat consists of marginal, sub-marginal and faceted ecotopes. All the records provided by these surveys are limited to designated sites (i.e. NHAs or SACs). A very small amount of Active Raised Bog habitat is considered to be outside designated sites.	No	NA	No	Located within designated site	International Priority Annex 1 habitat.	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.

10	7110_7120_intactb_surv_indesign_rhmvp2005_clip	Polygon	<p>Dataset shows distribution of habitats within those designated sites surveyed in 2005. This project aimed to monitor the conservation status of raised bog habitats included in the Annex of the Council Directive 92/43/EEC. Habitats were mapped at ecotope level according to Kelly et al. (1995) description. Active Raised Bog habitat (7110) includes sub-central and central ecotopes. Degraded Raised Bog habitat (7120) includes marginal, sub-marginal and acidbank ecotopes. Flashes were mapped independently as active forming (habitat 7110) or inactive peat forming (habitat 7120). Bog Woodland habitat was also mapped independently (habitat 91D0).</p>	No	No	No records within study area.	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
11	7110_7120_rb_unsurv_indesign_othersources_clip	Polygon	<p>This dataset includes raised bog areas within designated sites (i.e. SACs or NAs) for which comprehensive botanical surveys were not carried out, that have been reported or identified by the sources mentioned above. The occurrence of Active Raised bog habitat within these sites is unknown but is likely to be extremely limited. This dataset species within the Attribute table ("Comment" field), whether the digitised areas is Degraded/Raised bog / Secondary degraded raised bog and Active Raised bog is absent or the presence of Active Raised bog is unknown (i.e. ARB unknown).</p>	No	No	Located within designated site.	DC - habitat information is derived from desktop interpretation of OS and desktop datasets.
12	7110_7120_rb_unsurv_outdesign_othersources_clip	Polygon	<p>To summarise this can be taken as an approximate estimation of the distribution and extent of the high bog resource outside designated sites. This dataset includes raised bog areas outside designated sites for which comprehensive botanical surveys were not carried out that have been reported or identified by desktop sources. The occurrence of Active Raised bog habitat within these sites is unknown but is likely to be extremely limited. The majority of the raised bog areas illustrated in this dataset were mapped by Corine 2000 (level 4). The remaining raised bog, which corresponds to secondary degraded raised bog, is included in the Secondary Degraded dataset. The origin of each raised bog record is reported in the Attribute table, under "Source" field.</p>	Yes	RaisedBog_MarshSouth	Yes	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source. Mcclassified areas (non-validated) were removed from dataset. In some instances higher quality data available for these areas was used for these preference.
13	7130_CFP_commonarealand_2006_clip	Polygon	<p>CFPs (Commonage Framework Plans) describe the habitats, condition of the land (i.e. level of damage), land use and plant species found in each sub-unit of each agricultural unit for commonage areas. Each sub-unit was digitised and the habitat or habitats within the sub-unit were listed. This shapefile contains all the sub-units containing Blanket Bog (habitat type 1), however generally as a mosaic with other habitats, only corresponding with commonage land, and in several occasions areas mapped as Blanket Bog did not correspond with this habitat type. This is reported in the Validation field (Val) within the file Attribute table. The validation was mainly focused on areas where none of other sources indicated the occurrence of habitat 7130.</p>	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source. Mcclassified areas (non-validated) were removed from dataset. In some instances higher quality data available for these areas was used for these preference.
14	ALEM09_Woodland_inventory_clip	Polygon	<p>Inventories of ancient and long-established woodland in Ireland by BEC Consultants. Dataset shows extent of possible ancient woodlands and ancient woodlands based on a range of desktop sources including historical maps, forest inventory maps, and more recent ecological surveys. A final list of 123 sites at which PAW/AW stands occur was thus compiled through the combination of historical national surveys, maps and previous Irish ancient woodland research. A further list of 335 LEW (stands presented by the research represents a resource from which future ancient woodlands could be identified. A total of 81 LEW (stands were identified.</p>	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
15	Blanket_Bog_NHA_polygons_Edited_2011_clip	Polygon	<p>Blanket Bog NHA Survey Data. Detailed habitat data on 79 sites was gathered during a survey of Blanket Bog NHAs undertaken during 2004. The GIS data was reviewed by BEC in 2011.</p>	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
16	Blanket_Bog_NHA_polylines_Edited_2011_clip	Line	<p>Blanket Bog NHA Survey Data. Detailed habitat data on 79 sites was gathered during a survey of Blanket Bog NHAs undertaken during 2004. The GIS data was reviewed by BEC in 2011.</p>	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
17	Coastal_Monitoring_Project_2004_2006_clip	Polygon	<p>Coastal Monitoring Project 2004-2006. Habitat information from coastal sites. Includes Site Code, CIMP Site, County, NPWVS ID Name, CIMP Habitat, Survey Name/ Date, Survey method, CIMP Name, Annex I, Saltmarsh (Yes/ No), EU Code</p>	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
18	Commonage_Base_Plan_2011_National_v04_clip	Polygon		No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
19	Commonage_Base_Station_2011_National_v01_clip	Point		No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.

20	Commonage_Base_SU_2011_National_v03_clip	Polygon	No	NA	No	Not relevant to constraint identification	
21	CPU_Habitats_March_2012_clip	Polygon	Conservation planning unit of NPMVS habitat mapping.	No	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.	
22	FEN_complete_clip	Point	Distribution of fen of conservation interest indicated by point locations. Field surveys have not been carried out on all sites.	No	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.	
23	ISGS_2009_clip	Polygon	Distribution of habitats surveyed as part of ISGS 2009. The survey aimed to identify many areas of semi-natural grassland and to map these using GIS.	Yes	Grasslands_NorthSouth	Yes	DA - habitat information is from recent reliable desktop source.
24	ISGS_2009_releves.clip	Point	Irish Semi-natural Grassland survey' 2009 elevens	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
25	map_distribution_1130_pelly.clip	Polygon	Map showing distribution for Estuaries. Natura code 1130. The 10km grid estuary distribution map was based on squares occupied by an extent map of estuaries also created in-house by AqualFact.	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
26	native_woodland.clip	Polygon	NSW file. The primary data source for this file was the Forest Inventory Planning System 1998 (FIPS). FIPS is a GIS database running in ArcView that has digitally mapped all forested areas (parcels). 0.2 ha in Ireland (Gallagher et al. 2001). Attributes include site code referring to NSW sites. See NSW database for details on individual sites.	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
27	npws_7140_records_2006.clip	Point	Subset of Fens dataset (Dataset # 21) showing point distribution of Transition mires and quaking boggs (7140)	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
28	npws_7210_records_2006.clip	Point	Subset of Fens dataset (Dataset # 21) showing point distribution of Cladum Fen* (7210)	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
29	npws_7220_records_2006.clip	Point	Subset of Fens dataset (Dataset # 21) showing point distribution of Petrifying Springs (7220)	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
30	npws_7230_records_2006.clip	Point	Subset of Fens dataset (Dataset # 21) showing point distribution of Alkaline Fen (7230)	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
31	NSLP_8240_distribution.map.clip	Polygon	Wilson & Fernandez (2013) completed a detailed field survey of 26 limestone pavement and associated habitat monitoring sites, and 17 NHA sites (this includes sites surveyed during the pilot survey (NSLP) by Murphy & Fernandez 2009). The main objective of the current study (NSLP) was to undertake a national survey and monitoring programme to assess the conservation status of limestone pavement and associated habitats in Ireland. The identification of areas that may possibly be suitable for NHA designation and the rationalisation of SAC boundaries, where required, was also undertaken.	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
32	NSNNW_Woodland_Habitats_2010_clip	Polygon	BEC Consultants - F.H. O'Neill, J.R. Martin & K.E. McNutt (2010): The digitisation of woodland habitats surveyed as part of the National Survey of Native Woodlands. Report Submitted to the National Parks & Wildlife Services, Includes Group_Veg_Type, Annex_Fossil.	Yes	Woodlands_NorthSouth	Yes	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
33	Saltmarsh_Curtis_Sheehy_Skeffington_1998.clip	Point	Point location of salt marsh habitat. This project provided a list of 238 salt marshes including the largest sites in the country. The location of the salt marsh was given by the eejig values for easting and northing. This data set, which includes point location records, includes the following additional data: site name, location of the sites in relation to a designated site, substrate and associated habitats.	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
34	Saltmarsh_quad_Wymer_1984.clip	Point	Wymer (1984) mapped the distribution of different saltmarsh communities around the Irish coast and these data were used to identify additional saltmarsh sites with Starling surveys.	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
35	smp_national_sm_resource_revised_GIS_2011.clip	Polygon	Saltmarsh Monitoring Project 2006 - 2008. Annex 1 Saltmarsh habitats according to the EU Habitats Directive were mapped around the coast of the Republic of Ireland, and their conservation status was assessed.	No	NA	No	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.

36	Solution_and_Tectonic_Caves_Drew_clip	Polygon	The distribution of the habitat is illustrated on a 10km Irish National Grid. The map has been produced by intersecting 10-km grid squares containing known Lesser horseshoe bat (<i>Rhinolophus hipposideros</i>) roosts in Ireland with the National Solution and Tectonic Caves distribution database.	No	NA	Considered as a hydro-geological constraint.	DC - habitat information is derived from desktop interpretation of OS datasets.
37	Turfoughlismay09_clip	Point	Dataset showing point distribution of turfoughs in Ireland. Data was gathered through a review of existing datasets and with reference to aerial photorodony and other GIS data sources.	No	NA	Subset of Wetland Map of Ireland dataset	DA - habitat information priority Annex I habitat (3180 Turfough).
38	Woodland_reliefs_2010	Point	Point dataset showing location of vegetation sampling [relieves] recorded during the National Survey of Native Woodland (Perrin et al. 2008).	No	NA	This dataset is not relevant to constraint identification.	National Likely presence of priority Annex I habitat (3180 Turfough).
39	LWS_2012_Polygon_Habitats	Polygon	Polygon dataset showing location of polygon habitats recorded during the Louth Wetland Survey (Cusstell et al. 2012).	No	NA	This dataset is not relevant to constraint identification.	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
40	LWS_2012_Site_Boundaries	Polygon	Polygon dataset showing location of site boundaries recorded during the Louth Wetland Survey (Cusstell et al. 2012).	Yes	Wetlands (Louth-Monaghan) NorthSouth		DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
41	MWM_Polygon_Habitats_2012	Polygon	Polygon dataset showing location of polygon habitats recorded during the Monaghan Wetland Survey (Foss et al. 2012).	No	NA	This dataset is not relevant to constraint identification.	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
42	MWM_Site_Boundaries_2012	Polygon	Polygon dataset showing location of site boundaries recorded during the Monaghan Wetland Survey (Foss et al. 2012).	Yes	Wetlands (Louth-Monaghan) NorthSouth		DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
43	6424_IWebs_Sites_310112	Point	Point location of sites monitored during IWebs.	Yes	IWebs NorthSouth	Yes	DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
44	NGOShadowlist	Point	Shapefiles showing point locations of proposed Natura 2000 sites. Sites that have been formally designated are included within the dataset.	No	NA	Requires review of data to determine sites that remain undesignated. On preliminary inspection original grid coordinates may need to be reviewed when analysing designated sites in the surroundings.	DC - habitat information is derived from desktop interpretation of OS datasets.
45	DNHAS	Polygon		No	NA	Dataset will be reviewed when analysing designated sites in the surroundings.	Yes, likely international importance.
46	NHAs	Polygon		No	NA	Dataset will be reviewed when analysing designated sites in the surroundings.	Formally designated areas
47	SAC	Polygon		No	NA	Dataset will be reviewed when analysing designated sites in the surroundings.	Formally designated areas
48	SPA	Polygon		No	NA	Dataset will be reviewed when analysing designated sites in the surroundings.	Formally designated areas
49	WMM_Sites_170413	Point	Dataset showing the distribution of wetland sites within the study area as displayed on the Wetland Map of Ireland (Wetland Survey Ireland 2013).	Yes	Wetlands NorthSouth	Yes	National Occurrence of Annex I Habitats.
50	OSI_1:250,000 & 1:500,000_Vector_Mapping						DA - habitat information is from reliable desktop source.
51	OSI_6_Historic_Inch_Mapping						
52	Teigesc_Subsoil_dataset_(Meenan_2004)						
53	OSI_Rivers_dataset						
54	OSI_Lakes_dataset						
55	OSI_River_Chachments						
56	National_Biodiversity_Data_Centre_Online_Mapping_Resource						
57	BSBIAtlas_of_British_and_Irish_Flora_(Preston_et_al._2002)						
58	Department of Agriculture, Food and Marine. Badger limited access to dataset.						